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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/656,464	09/05/2003	Glen S. Axelrod	TFH047	8440
32947 7550 05/12/2008 GROSSMAN, TUCKER, PERREAULT & PFLEGER, PLLC 55 SOUTH COMMERICAL STREET			EXAMINER	
			COLE, ELIZABETH M	
MANCHESTER, NH 03101		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1794	•
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. 10/656,464 AXELROD, GLEN S. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit

Applicant(s)

	Elizabeth M. Cole	1794		
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MALLING DA Extensions of time may be available under the provision of 3 CF1 and face SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is generally and the manifest of the communication of the provision of 3 CF1 and the state of the state o	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fror cause the application to become ABANDON	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 Ju 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b)□ This ation is FINAL. 3)□ Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under Ex	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, pr			
Disposition of Claims				
Ali Claim(s) 1-5.8-14.16 and 19-25 is/are pending is 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) is/are objected to.	rn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the d Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction. 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exe	pted or b) objected to by the lrawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se on is required if the drawing(s) is ol	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). Djected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12)				
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/Sb/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail E 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date		

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- 1. Claims 1-5, 8-14, 16, 19-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 1 recites "conventional fiber material". It is not clear what fibers are considered conventional and what are considered non-conventional. It will be presumed for purposes of the art rejection below that conventional fibers will be fibers which have tensile strength or modulus less than that claimed for the higher strength fibers.
- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-5, 8-14, 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Denesuk et al, U.S. Patent NO. 6,196,156 in view of Jordan, U.S. Patent No. 5,226,384 and Sullivan, U.S. Patent No. 5,087,499. Denesuk et al discloses an article for use by pets comprising a core which may comprise foam or other types of fillers such as synthetic and natural fibers, (col. 10, lines 28-41)and a fabric cover. The fabric cover may comprise two different types of fabric and each type of fabric only partially covers the core. See col. 10, line 60 col. 11, line 7 and col. 11, lines 38-46 as well as example 4. Suitable fabrics include polyolefins, acetate, acrylic, nylons and polyesters. See col. 11, line 65 col. 12, line 4. The fabrics can be woven, non-woven or knitted. See col. 9, lines 31-43. Denesuk differs from the claimed invention because

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Denesuk does not teach that at least one of the fibers should be a high strength fiber. Jordan teaches that high strength fibers such as aramid fibers can be used in forming covers for articles used by pets. See abstract. Therefore, it would have been obvious to have employed high strength fibers for parts of the cover of Denesuk which would be most exposed to wear and tear, biting, chewing, etc., motivated by the expectation that this would enhance the durability of the bed. Jordan teaches employing high strength fibers but does not teach blending the fibers with other fibers. Sullivan teaches that is known in the art to blend high strength fibers with other fibers, such as cotton, silk, nylon, polyolefins, etc. See col. 3, lines 56-64. Therefore, it would have been obvious to have blended the high strength fibers of Jordan with other fibers as taught by Sullivan, in order to form varns which had additional properties such as enhanced softness, absorbency, hydrophobicity, etc., depending on what the final properties desired in the fabric were. For example, silk and cotton fibers would have been known in the art to provide enhanced softness and absorbency to a fabric relative to using all aramid yarns. Polyolefin yarns would produce a more hydrophobic fabric. Also, considerations of economy would tend toward blending the fibers in order to arrive at a fabric having the desired properties at an economical cost.

4. Claims 19-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Denesuk in view of Jordan and Sullivan as applied to claims above, and further in view of any one of Bottger et al, U.S. Patent NO 6,610, 618, Howland, U.S. Patent Application Publication 2003/0091785 or Johnson, U.S. Patent No. 696,567. Jordan teaches employing high strength fiber containing fabrics to reinforce items used by pets,

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but does not teach forming multiple layers having different orientation wherein the layers are oriented at angles to each other. Each of Bottger, Howland and Johnson '567 teach that it is known in the art to form woven fabrics having different degrees of strength in the MD versus the CD and to layer the fabrics so that the axis of each fabric is at an angle relative to the other fabrics in order to enhance the strength of the finished product. See for example, col. 1, lines 9-26 of Johnson '567; Col. 3, lines 1-8 of Bottger and the abstract as well as the entire document of Howland. Therefore, it would have been obvious to have oriented different layers of the fabric of Jordan so that the axis of each fabric was at an angle relative to the other layer as taught by any one of Bottger, Johnson '567, or Howland, in order to arrive a fabric having controllable and increased strength.

- Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.
- 6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elizabeth M. Cole whose telephone number is (571) 272-1475. The examiner may be reached between 6:30 AM and 6:00 PM Monday through Wednesday, and 6:30 AM and 2 PM on Thursday.

The examiner's supervisor Rena Dve may be reached at (571) 272-3186.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

The fax number for all official faxes is (571) 273-8300.

/Elizabeth M. Cole/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1794

e.m.c